

## 7.3 HW Solutions

21.)  $a = 3, c = 2, B = 110^\circ$   
 $\alpha = \underline{42.86^\circ}, \gamma = \underline{27.14^\circ}, b = \underline{4.14}$



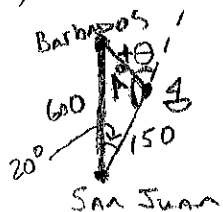
• SAS, so  
Law of  
Cosines

①  $b = \sqrt{a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos B} = \sqrt{(3)^2 + (2)^2 - 2(3)(2) \cos 110^\circ} = \underline{4.14}$

②  $\alpha = \cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc} \right] = \cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{(4.14)^2 + (2)^2 - (3)^2}{2(4.14)(2)} \right] = \underline{42.86^\circ}$

③  $\gamma = 180 - (110 + 42.86) = \underline{27.14^\circ}$

35.) 1 knot = 1 nautical mi/hr



• SAS, so Law of Cosines  
 ① Find  $x \rightarrow x = \sqrt{(600)^2 + (150)^2 - 2(600)(150) \cos 20^\circ} = \underline{461.9 \text{ mi}}$

② Use  $x$  to find  $A$ , then use  $A$  to find  $\theta$  (the angle the captain should turn to head directly to Barbados).

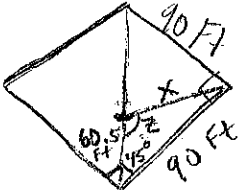
$$A = \cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{(461.9)^2 + (150)^2 - (600)^2}{2(461.9)(150)} \right] = \underline{153.63^\circ}$$

a.)  $\theta = 180 - A = 180 - 153.63 = \boxed{26.37^\circ}$

b.)  $\frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{rate}} = \text{time}$

$$\frac{461.9}{15} = \boxed{30.8 \text{ hrs}}$$

37.)



a.)

$$X = \sqrt{(60.5)^2 + (90)^2 - 2(60.5)(90)\cos 45^\circ}$$

$$X = 63.7 \text{ Ft} \rightarrow \text{Distance from the pitching mound to 1st base}$$

$$c.) Z = \cos^{-1} \frac{(60.5)^2 + (63.7)^2 - (90)^2}{2(60.5)(63.7)}$$

$$Z = 92.8^\circ$$

Angle the pitcher needs to turn to face 1st base

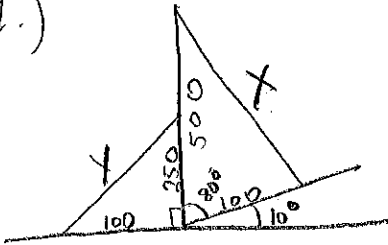
b.)

Dist from home plate to 2<sup>nd</sup> base is  $\sqrt{(90)^2 + (90)^2} = 127.3 \text{ Ft}$

$$\bullet 127.3 - 60.5 = 66.8 \text{ Ft}$$

Distance from 2<sup>nd</sup> base to the mound

39.)



$$a.) X = \sqrt{(100)^2 + (500)^2 - 2(100)(500)\cos 80^\circ}$$

$$X = 492.6 \text{ Ft}$$

$$b.) y = \sqrt{(100)^2 + (250)^2} = 269.3 \text{ Ft}$$